Conflict Scale Questionnaire

The proverbs listed below can be thought of as descriptions of some of the different strategies for dealing with conflict. The proverbs state traditional wisdom for resolving conflicts. Read each of the proverbs carefully. Using the scale given below, indicate how typical each proverb is <u>of your usual behavior in dealing with a conflict</u>.

- **5** = **very typical** of the way I act in a conflict
- **4** = **frequently typical** of the way I act in a conflict
- **3** = **sometimes typical** of the way I act in a conflict
- **2** = **seldom typical** of the way I act in a conflict
- **1** = **not typical** of the way I act in a conflict



- 1. It is easier to refrain from than to retreat from conflict.
- _____ 2. If you cannot make a person think as you do, make them do as you think.
- 3. Soft words win hard hearts.
- _____ 4. You scratch my back and I'll scratch yours.
- 5. "Come now and let us reason together."
- 6. When two people quarrel, the person who keeps silent first is the most praiseworthy.
- _____ 7. Might overcomes right.
- _____ 8. Smooth words make smooth ways.
- _____ 9. Better half a loaf than no bread at all.
- _____ 10. Truth lies in knowledge, not in majority opinion.
- _____ 11. He who fights and runs away lives to fight another day.
- 12. He hath conquered well that hath made his enemies flee.
- _____ 13. Kill your enemies with kindness.
- _____ 14. A fair exchange brings no quarrel.
- _____ 15. No person has the final answer, but every person has a piece to contribute.



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- _____ 16. Stay away from people who disagree with you.
- _____ 17. Fields are won by those who believe in winning.
- _____ 18. Kind words are worth much and cost little.
- _____ 19. Tit for tat is fair play.
- _____ 20. Only the person who is willing to give up his monopoly on truth can profit from the truths that others hold.
- _____ 21. Avoid quarrelsome people as they will only make your life miserable.
- _____ 22. A person who will not flee will make others flee.
- _____ 23. Soft words ensure harmony.
- _____ 24. One gift for another makes good friends.
- _____ 25. Bring your conflicts into the open and face them directly—only then will the best solution be discovered.
- _____ 26. The best way of handling conflicts is to avoid them.
- _____ 27. Put your foot down where you mean to stand.
- _____ 28. Gentleness will triumph over anger.
- _____ 29. Getting part of what you want is better than not getting anything at all.
- _____ 30. Frankness, honesty and trust will move mountains.
- _____ 31. There is nothing so important you have to fight for it.
- _____ 32. There are two kinds of people in the world, the winners and the losers.
- _____ 33. When one hits you with a stone, hit him with a piece of cotton.
- _____ 34. When both people give in halfway, a fair settlement is achieved.
- _____ 35. By digging and digging, the truth is discovered.



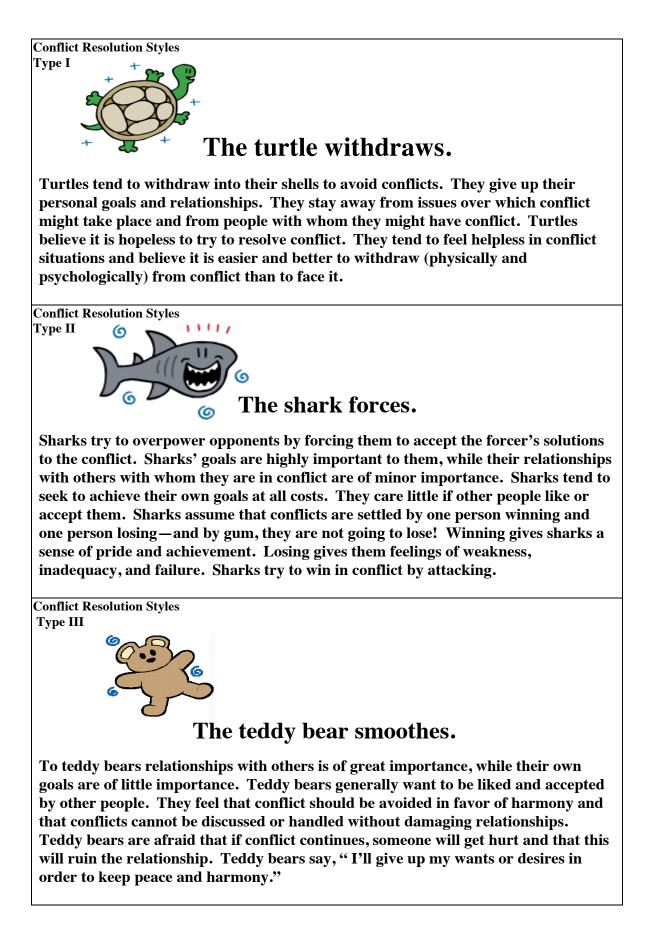


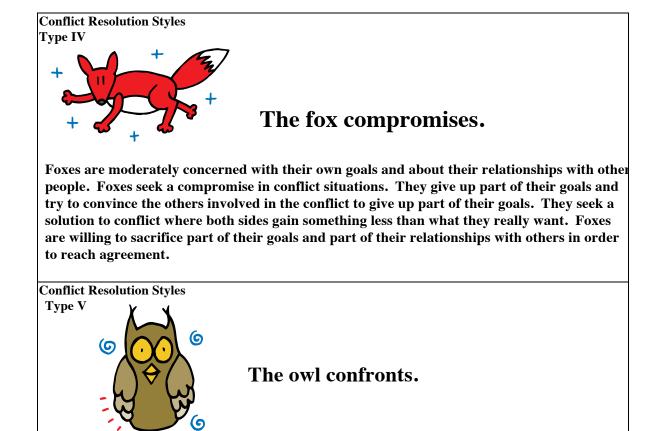
Writing Unit for Argumentative: Secondary

Tally of Conflict Resolution Styles

DIRECTIONS: Place the number you have written on the <u>Conflict Scale</u> <u>Questionnaire</u> (i.e., 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5) by the item numbers listed below and total each column.

WITHDRAWING TYPE I	FORCING TYPE II	SMOOTHING TYPE III	COMPROMISING TYPE IV	CONFRONTING TYPE V
1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35
T =	T =	T =	T =	T =
	5			





Owls highly value their own goals and their relationships with others involved in the conflict. They view conflicts as problems to be solved and they seek solutions that achieve both their own goals and the goals of others in the conflict. Owls see conflict as an opportunity to improve relationships by reducing tensions between people. They typically begin discussions to try to identify the conflict as a problem. By seeking solutions that satisfy both self and others, they maintain good relationships. Owls generally are not satisfied that conflict has been resolved until the goals of both sides have been met and until interpersonal tensions and negative feelings have been eliminated.



Deal two cards at a time and discuss:

1. Interaction

(How might these two types interact?)

2. Proactive Intervention

(How might I effectively react and/or intervene?)

3. Proactive Self-Control

(What awareness do I need if I find myself behaving as one of these types?

